

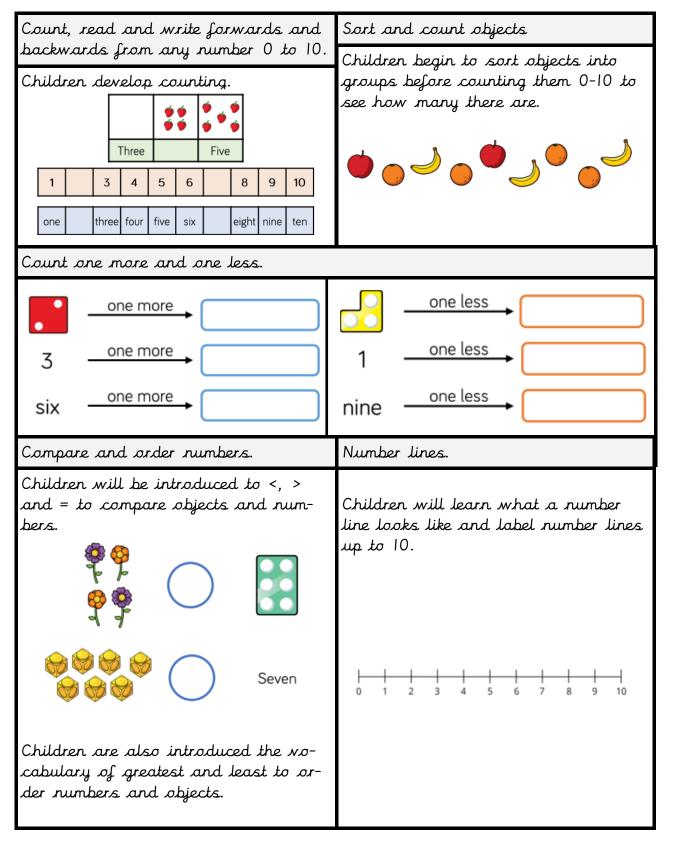
Autumn I

Welcome back to the new school year. This half-term will be split into two maths topics, 'place value within 10' and 'addition and subtraction within 10.'

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Number: place value within 10

The value of each digit depending on its position within a number.



If you have any questions on how to support your child at home, please contact your child's teacher.

Number: addition and subtraction within 10

Children will develop their understanding of addition and subtraction

Children will understand that a number can be partitioned into 2 or more parts. This will help them with number bonds and addition. The whole is 9 the parts are 4 and 5. The area to parts are 4 and 5. The part are the parts are 4 and 5. The area to parts are 4 and 5. The area to parts are 4 and 5. The area to parts area to parts area first introduced to the subtraction through a range of real tife contexts rather than the subtraction symbol. The area to part the parts are to parts are the area to parts are 5 and 5 + 0 = 5 and 5 + 0	Part-whole models	Addition symbol.
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Children break numbers into parts and explore how many different ways a number can be partitioned. 5 - 0 = 5 $6 - 2 = 3$ $6 - 2 = -5 - 4 = 1$ $6 - 2 = -Children are first introduced to theconcept of subtraction through a rangeof real life contexts rather than thesubtraction symbol.First: Now: 6 - 2 = -Children are first introduced to theconcept of subtraction through a rangeof real life contexts rather than thesubtraction symbol.First: Now: 6 - 2 = -Children are first introduced to theconcept of subtraction symbol.Now: 6 - 2 = -Children are first introduced to theconcept of subtraction symbol.Subtraction symbol usingrepresentations.Children are first introduced to thesubtraction symbol.Children are first introduced to thesubtraction symbol usingrepresentations.Children are first introduced to thesubtraction symbol usingrepresentations.Children are first introduced to thesubtraction symbol usingrepresentations.Children are first introduced to thesubtraction symbol usingrepresentations.$	The whole is 9 the parts are 4 and 5.	
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$5 - 4 = 1 \bigcirc 1 + 4 = 5$ How many ice creams do not have flakes? $6 - 2 = - 6$		concept of taking away. They are intro- duced to the subtraction symbol using
$5-4=1 \bigcirc 1+4=5 \qquad \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	5 - 3 = 2	
$5-5=0 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc $	5 - 4 = 1	$\langle \langle \rangle \rangle \langle \rangle$
	5 - 5 = 0 • • • • • • • • • • 5 = 5	

Vocabulary

The following vocabulary is used in the classroom to support learning. Please continue to support your child at home by using the same vocabulary.

Place value	Addition and subtraction
one more, one less	part, whole
more than	addition, add, more
less than	subtraction, takeaway, left
equals	number sentence
order, compare	systematic
first, second, third last	digits

Further support at home

To support your child at home, we encourage the use of the classroom vocabulary and the same methods/strategies of calculation.

When working with your child at home, you can ask them the following question starters to further demonstrate their understanding. How many are there in total? How many different ways can we represent... What is the next number? Are the numbers getting greater or smaller? How have these objects/numbers been ordered? When might we use ordinal numbers? Can this be done in a different way? Can the parts be swapped around? What's the same and what is different about these number sentences? If 8 is the whole, what could the parts be? Can you see a pattern in the numbers?

If you have any questions on how to support your child at home or need any log in information, please contact your child's class teacher.